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Material group	8810-02	Page 1 of 11
Product name	Maintain NT 8810-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 120 g/l ME	December 2015
Safety data sheet according to EU Reg. 1907/2006 as amended		Supersedes May 2013

SAFETY DATA SHEET

8810-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 120 g/I ME

Sections containing a revision or new information are marked with a .

Hazard pictograms

Signal word

<u>SECTI</u>	ECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING			
1.1.	Product identifier	MAINTAIN NT 8810-02, TRINEXAPAC-ETHYL 120 g/I ME		
1.2.	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	Can be used as plant growth regulator only.		
	auvistu agamst	Can be used as plant growth regulator only.		
1.3.	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	CHEMINOVA A/S P.O. Box 9 DK-7620 Lemvig Denmark sds@cheminova.dk		
1.4.	Emergency telephone number	(+45) 97 83 53 53 (24 h; for emergencies only)		
♣ SE(CTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION			
2.1.	Classification of the substance or mixture	Hazards to the aquatic environment, chronic: Category 3 (H412)		
	WHO classification	Class U (unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use)		
	Health hazards	The product may cause mild to moderate eye irritation.		
	Environmental hazards	The product is harmful to aquatic organisms.		
2.2.	Label elements According to EU Reg. 1272/2008 a Product identifier	s <u>s amended</u> 8810-02, Trinexapac-ethyl 120 g/l ME		

None

None

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Hazard statement

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplementary hazard statement

the instructions of use.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 _____ Dispose of contents/container as hazardous waste.

PBT or vPvB.

♣ SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. **Substances** The product is a mixture, not a substance

Active ingredient

Trinexapac-ethyl Content: 11% by weight

3,5-dioxo-, ethyl ester

carboxylic acid ethyl ester

Ethyl 4-cyclopropyl(hydroxy)methylene-3,5-dioxocyclohexane-

carboxylate

ISO name/EU name Trinexapac-ethyl

EC no. (EINECS no.) None EU index no. None

Classification of the ingredient Hazards to the aquatic environment: Chronic Category 2 (H411)

Structural formula

OH O OC₂H₅

(% w/w)

Arylethylphenyl polyglycol ether 31 Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)

***** SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation If experiencing any discomfort, immediately remove from

exposure. Get medical attention if discomfort does not disappear.

skin with much water. Wash with water and soap. See physician if

any symptom develops.

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Eye contact Immediately rinse eyes with much water or eyewash solution,

occasionally opening eyelids, until no evidence of chemical remains. Remove contact lenses after a few minutes and rinse

again. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Inducing vomiting is not recommended. Rinse mouth and drink

several glasses of water or milk. If vomiting does occur, rinse

mouth and drink fluids again. Consult a physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

To our knowledge, adverse effects in humans have not been

reported.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate medical attention is required in case of ingestion.

It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

Gastric lavage and/or administration of activated charcoal can be considered. After decontamination, treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. **Extinguishing media** Dry chemical or carbon dioxide for small fires, water spray or foam

for large fires. Avoid heavy hose streams.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The essential breakdown products are carbon monoxide and carbon

dioxide.

fire from upwind to avoid hazardous vapours and toxic decomposition products. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Dike area to prevent water runoff. Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and

protective clothing.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

It is recommended to have a predetermined plan for the handling of spills. Empty, closable vessels for the collection of spills should be available.

In case of large spill (involving 10 tonnes of the product or more):

- 1. Use personal protection equipment; see section 8
- 2. Call emergency telephone no.; see section 1
- 3. Alert authorities.

Observe all safety precautions when cleaning up spills. Use personal protection equipment. Depending on the magnitude of the spill this may mean wearing respirator, face mask or eye protection, chemical resistant clothing, gloves and boots.

Stop the source of the spill immediately if safe to do so. Avoid and reduce mist formation as much as possible. Remove sources of ignition.

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6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain the spill to prevent any further contamination of surface, soil or water. Wash waters must be prevented from entering surface water drains. Uncontrolled discharge into water courses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended to consider possibilities to prevent damaging effects of spills, such as bunding or capping. See GHS (Annex 4, Section 6).

Use non-sparking tools and equipment. If appropriate, surface water drains should be covered. Minor spills on the floor or other impervious surface should be absorbed onto an absorptive material such as universal binder, Fuller's earth or other absorbent clays. Collect the contaminated absorbent in suitable containers. Clean area with detergent and much water. Absorb wash liquid with absorbent and transfer to suitable containers. The used containers should be properly closed and labelled.

Large spills which soak into the ground should be dug up and transferred to suitable containers.

Spills in water should be contained as much as possible by isolation of the contaminated water. The contaminated water must be collected and removed for treatment or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See subsection 8.2. for personal protection. See section 13 for disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. **Precautions for safe handling**

Keep away from sources of ignition and protect from exposure to fire and heat.

In an industrial environment it is recommended to avoid all personal contact with the product, if possible by using closed systems with remote system control. Otherwise, the material should be handled by mechanical means as much as possible. Adequate ventilation or local exhaust ventilation is required. The exhaust gases should be filtered or treated otherwise. For personal protection in this situation, see section 8.

For its use as a plant growth regulator, first look for precautions and personal protection measures on the officially approved label on the packaging or for other official guidance or policy in force. If these are lacking, see section 8.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with water and soap after each use.

Do not discharge to the environment. Collect all waste material and remains from cleaning equipment, etc., and dispose of as hazardous waste. See section 13 for disposal.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product is stable under normal conditions of warehouse storage.

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Keep in closed, labelled containers. The storage room should be constructed of incombustible material, closed, dry, ventilated and with impermeable floor, without access of unauthorised persons or children. The room should only be used for storage of chemicals. Food, drink, feed and seed should not be present. A hand wash station should be available.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

The product is a registered plant growth regulator which may only be used for the applications it is registered for, in accordance with a label approved by the regulatory authorities.

♣ SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Personal exposure limits

To our knowledge not established for trinexapac-ethyl or any other component in this product.

However, personal exposure limits defined by local regulations may exist and must be observed.

Trinexapac-ethyl

 0.34 mg/kg bw/day 0.0034 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

When used in a closed system, personal protection equipment will not be required. The following is meant for other situations, when the use of a closed system is not possible, or when it is necessary to open the system. Consider the need to render equipment or piping systems non-hazardous before opening.

The precautions mentioned below are primarily meant for handling of the undiluted product and for preparing the spray solution, but can be recommended for spraying as well.



Respiratory protection

The product is not likely to present an inhalation hazard during normal use, but in the event of an accidental discharge of the material which produces a heavy vapour or mist, workers should put on officially approved respiratory protection equipment with a universal filter type including particle filter.



Protective gloves

Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber. The breakthrough times of these gloves for the product are unknown, but it is expected that they will give adequate protection. It is recommended to limit the work to be done manually.



Eye protection

Wear goggles or safety glasses. It is recommended to have an eye wash fountain immediately available in the work area when there is a potential for eye contact.



Other skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact depending on the extent of exposure. During most normal work situations where exposure to the material cannot be avoided for a limited time span, waterproof pants and apron of chemical

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resistant material or coveralls of polyethylene (PE) will be sufficient. Coveralls of PE must be discarded after use if contaminated. In cases of appreciable or prolonged exposure, coveralls of barrier laminate may be required.

♣ SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on physical and chemical properties

Trinexapac-ethyl: decomposes, starting at 310°C

Flammability (solid/gas) Not applicable (liquid)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits Not determined

Solubility (ies) Solubility of **trinexapac-ethyl** at 25°C in:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} acetone & >500 & g/l \\ hexane & 45 & g/l \end{array}$

water 1.1 g/l at pH 3.5

2.8 g/l at pH 4.9 10.2 g/l at pH 5.5 21.1 g/l at pH 8.2

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water Trinexapac-ethyl : $\log K_{ow} = 1.5$ at pH 5 and 25°C

 $log K_{ow} = -0.29$ at pH 6.9 and 25°C $log K_{ow} = -2.1$ at pH 8.9 and 25°C

Autoignition temperature 215°C

Decomposition temperature Not determined

9.2. **Other information**

Miscibility The product is dispersible in water.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.2. **Chemical stability** Stable at ambient temperatures.

10.3. **Possibility of hazardous reactions** None known.

10.5. **Incompatible materials** None known.

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products** See subsection 5.2.

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♣ SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1.	Information on to	xicological effects	* = Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	<u>Product</u>		
	Acute toxicity		The product is not harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin or if swallowed. * However, it should always be treated with the usual care of handling chemicals. The acute toxicity of the product is measured as:
	Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD_{50} , oral, rat: > 2000 mg/kg (method OECD 425)
		- skin	LD_{50} , dermal, rabbit: $> 4000 \text{ mg/kg}$ (method OECD 402)
		- inhalation	LC_{50} , inhalation, rat: > 4,86 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)
	Skin corrosion/irrita	ation	Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *
	Serious eye damage	e/irritation	Not irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *
	Respiratory or skin	sensitisation	Not a skin sensitizer (method OECD 429). *
	Germ cell mutageni	icity	The product contains no ingredients known to be mutagenic. *
	Carcinogenicity		The product contains no ingredients known to be carcinogenic. *
	Reproductive toxici	ity	The product contains no ingredients known to have adverse effects on reproduction. *
	STOT – single expo	osure	To our knowledge, no specific effects have been observed after single exposure. *
	STOT – repeated ex	xposure	The following was measured on the active ingredient trinexapacethyl: Target organ: kidneys, liver NOAEL: 500 ppm (34 mg/kg bw/day) in a 90-day rat study (method OECD 408) based on histological effects on kidneys and increase in liver weight. *
	Aspiration hazard .		The product does not present an aspiration hazard. *
	Symptoms and effected delayed	cts, acute and	To our knowledge, adverse effects in humans have not been reported. In animal tests, reduced activity and shortness of breath were seen at high dosage.
	Trinexapac-ethyl		
	Acute toxicity		Trinexapac-ethyl is not harmful by single exposure. * The acute toxicity is measured as:
	Route(s) of entry	- ingestion	LD ₅₀ , oral, rat (female): 4210 mg/kg (method OECD 401)
			LD ₅₀ , oral, rat (male): 4610 mg/kg
		- skin	LD_{50} , dermal, rat: $> 4000 \text{ mg/kg}$ (method OECD 402)
		- inhalation	LC_{50} , inhalation, rat: > 5.3 mg/l/4 h (method OECD 403)
	Skin corrosion/irrita	ation	Not irritating to skin (method OECD 404). *

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Serious eye damage/irritation Slightly irritating to eyes (method OECD 405). *

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... Not sensitising (method OECD 406). *

Arylethylphenyl polyglycol ether

Acute toxicity* The substance is not harmful by ingestion. * The acute toxicity is:

Route(s) of entry - ingestion LD_{50} , oral, rat: > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating to skin. *

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating to eyes. *

Respiratory or skin sensitisation ... No sensitising effects are known. *

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. **Toxicity** **Trinexapac-ethyl** has growth inhibiting effects on many plants.

The product is considered as non-toxic to fish, aquatic

invertebrates, birds, mammals, insects and soil micro- and macro-

organisms.

The toxicity of the product is measured as:

- Fish	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	96-h LC ₅₀ : 20.1 mg/l
- Invertebrates	Daphnids (Daphnia magna)	$48-h EC_{50}: > 100 \text{ mg/l}$
- Algae	Green algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapiata)	72-h EC ₅₀ : 175 mg/l
- Aquatic plants	Duckweed (Lemna gibba)	7-day EC ₅₀ : 584 mg/l 7-day NOEC: 8.2 mg/l
- Earthworms	Eisenia fetida	56-day LC ₅₀ : > 205 mg/kg dry soil
- Insects	Honeybees (Apis mellifera L.)	48-h LD ₅₀ , contact: 909 μg/bee 48-h LD ₅₀ , oral: 612 μg/bee

12.2. **Persistence and degradability** **Trinexapac-ethyl** does not fulfil the criteria for being readily

biodegradable, but it is degraded in the environment. Half-life times are usually less than 1 day in soil. Degradation products are further

degraded, but slower. Degradation occurs mainly

microbiologically.

The product contains minor amounts of not readily biodegradable ingredients, which may not be degradable in waste water treatment

plants.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential** See section 9 for octanol-water partition coefficients.

Due to its relatively high solubility in water and degradability,

trinexapac-ethyl does not bioaccumulate.

soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

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12.6. Other adverse effects Other relevant hazardous effects in the environment are not known.

♣ SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. **Waste treatment methods** Remaining quantities of the material and empty but unclean packaging should be regarded as hazardous waste.

Disposal of waste and packagings must always be in accordance with all applicable local regulations.

possibilities for reuse or reprocessing should first be considered. If this is not feasible, the material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration

with flue gas scrubbing.

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or

disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Disposal of packaging It is recommended to consider possible ways of disposal in the

following order:

1. Reuse or recycling should first be considered. If offered for recycling, containers must be emptied and triply rinsed (or equivalent). Do not discharge rinsing water to sewer systems.

2. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

3. Delivery of the packaging to a licensed service for disposal of

hazardous waste.
4. Disposal in a landfill or burning in open air should only occur as

The product should not be transported in bulk by ship.

a last resort. For disposal in a landfill containers should be emptied completely, rinsed and punctured to make them unusable for other purposes. If burned, stay out of smoke.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code

ADR/RID/IMDG/IATA/ICAO classification

14.1.	UN number	Not classified as hazardous material for transport
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	Not applicable
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable
14.4.	Packing group	Not applicable
14.5.	Environmental hazards	The substance is harmful to aquatic organisms
14.6.	Special precautions for user	Do not discharge to the environment.
14.7.	Transport in bulk according to	

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

To our knowledge, no specific regulations apply.

All ingredients are covered by EU chemical legislation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required to be included for this product.

♣ SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant changes in the safety data sheet

Toxicity and ecotoxicity data measured on the product have been included.

List of abbreviations AIHA

AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

Dir. Directive

DNEL Derived No Effect Level EC European Community EC₅₀ 50% Effect Concentration

EINECS European INventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances

GHS Globally Harmonized classification and labelling

System of chemicals, Fifth revised edition 2013

IBC International Bulk Chemical code

ISO International Organisation for Standardization IUPAC International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

LC₅₀ 50% Lethal Concentration

LD₅₀ 50% Lethal Dose

MARPOL Set of rules from the International Maritime

Organisation (IMO) for prevention of sea pollution

ME Micro-Emulsion

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and

Development

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

Reg. Regulation

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WHO World Health Organisation

on ingredients are available from published literature and can be

found several places.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment,

comply with the instructions of use.

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of its hazardous properties and have been instructed in the required safety precautions.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable, but uses of the product vary and situations unforeseen by Cheminova A/S may exist. The user has to check the validity of the information under local circumstances.

Prepared by: Cheminova A/S / GHB